MIDDLE BUCKS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

SECTION: PUPILSTITLE: STUDENT RIGHTSADOPTED: July 1, 1991REVISED: April 10, 2000

		235. STUDENT RIGHTS
1.	Purpose	This policy sets forth guidelines by which student rights are to be determined consistent with law.
2.	Authority SC 510 Title 22 Sec. 12.1	The Executive Council has the authority and responsibility to establish reasonable rules and regulations for the conduct and deportment of students of the School. At the same time, no student shall be deprived of equal treatment, equal access to the educational program, due process, a presumption of innocence, and free expression and association in accordance with these guidelines.
3.	Responsibility Title 22 Sec. 12.2	Attendant upon the rights established for each student are certain responsibilities, which include respect for the rights of others, obedience to properly constituted school authority and compliance with the rules and regulations of this school.
		Each student who has reached the age of eighteen (18) years shall assume the full responsibility for his/her performance in school, attendance and compliance with school rules and regulations.
		The Director or a designee shall develop and promulgate administrative procedures consistent with law and Executive Council's policy to ensure that student rights under varying conditions are properly described. Such procedures shall be reviewed and updated when required.
4.	Guidelines 20 U.S.C. 1232H Title 22 Sec. 4.4 (d)(6)	No student shall be required, without written parental consent for students under eighteen (18) years of age or written consent of emancipated students or those over eighteen (18) years, to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning:
		1. Political affiliations.
		2. Mental health and psychological assessments potentially embarrassing to the student or his/her family.
		3. Sexual behavior and attitudes.

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4.	Illegal, antisocial, self-discriminating and demeaning behavior.
5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships.
6.	Legally recognized, privileged and comparable relationships, such as those with lawyers, physicians, and ministers.
7.	Income, other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program.